Guidelines for Creating Faculty Curricula Senate Resolution No. 9/23 March 14th, 2023

SYLLABUS

STATE UNIVERSITY OF APPLIED SCIENCES IN WŁOCŁAWEK

Course: Didactics Essentials

Faculty:		Philology							
Speciality/specialization:		English Philology							
		Teacher specialization							
Unit hosting the Faculty:			Faculty of Social Sciences and Humanities / English Philology Department						
Practical course profile									
Course language:			English						
Course category:			specialist						
Learning cycle:			2023/2024-2025/2026						
Academic year: 2024-2025			Semester: 3, 4						
Number of h			nours required to complete the course in full time-mode:						
TOTAL	lecture ACTIVE FORMS								
		classes	projects	labs	workshops	conversatory	seminar/prosemin ar	professional training	
30	30								
Method of carrying out all active forms of classes:			Classes are conducted: - online - asynchronous and synchronous form						
Specification of introductory courses with prerequisites:			Prerequisites: the range of knowledge, skills and competencies of the curriculum of the first year of English philology - as a starting point for the implementation of the content of the new subject.						

Educational goal:	Identifying the differences between didactics, methodology and				
	pedagogy. Outlining the boundary between the theory of learning and the				
	theory of educative teaching.				
	Defining the organizational principles of the didactic process and the				
	goals, content, principles, methods and means of education - teaching and learning. Determining the scopes of action of the teacher and the student and				
	determining the most favorable organizational forms of teaching.				
Learning outcomes (course-	Knowledge:				
related):	Student describes the nature and tasks of didactics as a science that organizes pupils`				
K_W14	learning proces, as well as the tasks of contemporarydidactics as a pedagogical discipline with reference to the education system, its structure and function.				
K_W16	Student has knowledge regarding school as an institution that facilitatethe				
K_W20	development of individual pupils and classes as their education background.				
K_U21	Student has knowledge of the principles of control and evaluation of learning outcomes- knows the internal system of evaluation in schoolsand types of exams conducted externally.				
K_K13					
B2.K2	Skills:				
C.W1	Students take advantage of their knowledge of the subject matter, as wellbas pedagogical and psychological knowledge, to design specific didactical tasks and				
C.W2	resolving pupils` behavioural issues.				
C.W3	Students have basic skills with regard to evaluating and constructing didactical curricula, as well as adjusting them to pupils capabilities.				
C.W4	Students can make lesson plans and evaluation criteria. They can also familiarize				
C.W5	pupils with the means of evaluating their knowledge and skills, as well as motivating them. Students have the ability to direct the class and implement various techniques of				
C.W6					
C.K1	working with pupils.				
D1.W4	Students have the necessary skills with regard to diagnosis, supervisionand				

Social competences:					
In contact with pupils, their parents and other teachers, students are empathetic, open and demonstrate pro-social attitudes and sense of responsibility.					
Students are aware of the ethical dimension of pupil diagnosis and evaluation, as well as the ethical dimension and specificity of the teacher profession.					
Students can choose their own path to professional self-improvementand participate in the actions of organisations promoting self-improvement for teachers.					
WINTER SEMESTER	Reference to the learning outcomes				
 Introducing the course syllabus, credit requirements and methods of evaluation. Didactics – origin and development of this science in the historical aspect. Didactics and its place within pedagogical sciences. General and specified didactics. The role and tasks of generaldidactics. Education and upbringing. The education system. The education process in a historical perspective. Previous didacticssystems- Komensky, Herbart and Dewey. Contemporary didactics systems. Contemporary didactics systems. Contemporary didactics theory. The process and learning styles. Teaching and education. Content and principles of education. Classroom as an educational background. Taxonomy of learning objectives: general objectives and operational objectives. Creating and evaluating curricula. Methods of teaching and conducting classes. Lessons as the basic form of teaching and learning. Lesson plansand their structure Coursebooks in the didactic process. Teaching without a coursebook-Dogme approach. Authentic materials in foreign language didactics. Infrastructure and educational means in didactic process. In thedidactic process Blended learning; flipped classroom. End of term test. SUMMER SEMESTER Didactic strategies and the decalogue of a teacher. Empathy andprofessional ethics. The pedagogy of dialogue and critical pedagogy by Paulo Freire. Neurodidactics. Neurolinguistic programming. Task-oriented didactics. Educational projects. Didactic planning by teachers. Lesson plans and preparation. Teachers' personality traits. The role and tasks of 					
	In contact with pupils, their parents and other teachers, students open and demonstrate pro-social attitudes and sense of responsib students are aware of the ethical dimension of pupil diagnosis ar well as the ethical dimension and specificity of the teacher profe Students can choose their own path to professional self-improver participate in the actions of organisations promoting self-improvement for teachers. ### WINTER SEMESTER 1. Introducing the course syllabus, credit requirements and methods of evaluation. Didactics — origin and development of this science in the historical aspect. Didactics and its place within pedagogical sciences. 2. General and specified didactics. The role and tasks of generaldidactics. Education and upbringing. The education system. 3. The education process in a historical perspective. Previous didacticssystems- Komensky, Herbart and Dewey. 4. Contemporary didactics sheory. 5. Contemporary didactics theory. 6. The process and learning styles. 7. Teaching and education. Content and principles of education. Classroom as an educational background. 8. Taxonomy of learning objectives: general objectives and operational objectives. 9. Creating and evaluating curricula. 10. Methods of teaching and conducting classes. 11. Lessons as the basic form of teaching and learning. 12. Coursebooks in the didactic process. Teaching without a coursebook-Dogme approach. Authentic materials in foreign language didactics. 13. Infrastructure and educational means in didactic process. 14. Blended learning; flipped classroom. 15. End of term test. SUMMER SEMESTER 1. Didactic strategies and the decalogue of a teacher. Empathy andprofessional ethics. 2. The pedagogy of dialogue and critical pedagogy by Paulo Freire. 3. Neurodidactics. Neurolinguistic programming. 4. Task-oriented didactics. Educational projects. 5. Didactic planning by teachers. Lesson plans and preparation.				

Methods of conducting classes:	9. Grading systems in the education process Internal grading systems in schools and external examinations. Supervision and evaluation of pupils' learning outcomes Continuous, semester and yearly assessment. 10. Didactic failures. Diagnosing and overcoming them. 11. Teachers as reflective educators. Relationships with fellow colleagues and pupils' parents. Self-education and professional self-improvement. 12. Scientific research methods of teachers: observation, didacticexperiments, empirical research. 13. Didactic extracurricular classes. Pupils' education at home. Individual work 14. The issues of contemporary education. Educational challenges ofthe school of the future. 15. End of year test. Lectures and multimedia presentation; interactive lecture.				
Student workload/ECTS	Forms of activity	Average number of hours to complete the activity			
points					
		W	AF		
FULL-TIME STUDIES: 1) included in the working hours: - lecture:	Number of hours with the participation of an academic teacher	30			
- active forms:	Number of hours without the participation of an academic teacher:	20			
	Preparation for classes, including studying the recommended literature	10			
	2. Processing of the results/preparation for the exam, tests, other	10			
	3. Preparation of a report, presentation, discussion				
	Total	50			
	Total number of ECTS points for the method of classes	2			
Form and method of	Methods of passing the course:				
passing, assessment criteria or requirements.	 Passing grade (students have two attempts to pass the final testin the winter and summer semester) Written exam – in summer exam session 				
The accepted value for					

Forms of passing the course: calculating the assessment Determination of a passing grade on the basis of partial grades received during and at the end of the semester: written final test, with semi-open and open-ended tasks participation in classes Basic criteria: participation in classes = 35% final test scores = 65%Value for calculating the assessment: **Compulsory literature:** Literature list: Lorenzo, D. 2007. Introducing Didactics. Montevideo: Administración Nacional de Educación Pública. Uljens, M. 1997. School Didactics and Learning. Hove, East Sussex: Psychology Press. Zarzecki, L. 2008. Wybrane problemy dydaktyki ogólnej. Jelenia Góra: Kolegium Karkonoskie. Supplementary literature: Bereźnicki, F. 2011. Zarys dydaktyki szkolnej. Szczecin: Pedagogium. Kupisiewicz, Cz. 2000. Dydaktyka ogólna. Warszawa: Oficyna Wydawnicza GRAF PUNKT. Polak, B. 2013. Podstawy teorii kształcenia. Szczecin: Szczecińska Szkoła Wyższa Collegium Balticum. Names of person/persons who prepared the course description: Agnieszka Miksza PhD.